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*Circular modifying quarantine.*

MANILA, P. I., October 20, 1905.

*To the owners and agents of vessels, Manila, P. I.*

SIR: Owing to the improvement in the cholera situation in Manila, the quarantine heretofore imposed upon outgoing interisland vessels will be reduced from five to three days, beginning October 23, 1905. All other regulations prescribed in circular letters issued by this office August 26, 1905, and October 4, 1905, will be enforced.

Respectfully,

VICTOR G. HEISER,

*Passed Assistant Surgeon,**Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Islands.*

## FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—UNTABULATED.

CANADA—*British Columbia—Victoria.*—Month of October, 1905: Estimated population, 21,000. Total number of deaths 25, including enteric fever 2, and 1 from tuberculosis.

*Ontario.*—The health report for October shows a great increase in the number of smallpox cases, but no deaths were reported. There were 63 cases and no deaths. The other diseases are as follows: Diphtheria, 190 cases, 29 deaths; scarlet fever, 93 cases, 1 death; measles, 25 cases; 1 death; whooping cough, 36 cases, 6 deaths; enteric fever, 336 cases, 47 deaths; tuberculosis, 170 cases, 163 deaths. Total from all causes, 2,004. The returns were from 702 divisions.

DUTCH GUIANA—*Paramaribo.*—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 33,003. Total number of deaths, 92. No deaths from contagious diseases.

FRANCE—*St. Etienne.*—Two weeks ended October 31, 1905. Census population, 146,671. Total number of deaths 136, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, and 17 from tuberculosis.

*Great Britain mortality during quarter ended September 30, 1905.*—The deaths registered in England and Wales last quarter numbered 102,792, and were in the proportion of 14.0 annually per 1,000 persons living, the average rate in the ten preceding fourth quarters having been 16.5. In registration counties, with populations exceeding 100,000 persons, the death rates ranged from 10.3 in Surrey and in Hertfordshire, 10.5 in Berkshire, 10.6 in Bedfordshire, 10.7 in Dorsetshire, 10.8 in Cambridgeshire to 15.1 in the East Reding of Yorkshire, 15.9 in Glamorganshire, 16.1 in Northumberland and in Monmouth, 16.8 in Lancastershire, and 17.1 in Durham.

The 120,792 registered deaths included 63,282 of males and 57,510 of females, the death rate among males being 15.2 and that among females 12.9 per 1,000 of the estimated populations of the respective sexes.

Compared with the average for each sex in the ten preceding fourth quarters, the death rate of males showed a decrease of 2.7 and that of females a decrease of 2.4 per 1,000 living. Out of equal numbers living the deaths of males were to those of females as 118 is to 100, the proportion in the third quarters of the ten preceding years having been 117 to 100.

*Urban and rural mortality.*—In 76 great towns, in each of which the population at the census of 1901 exceeded 50,000, and of which the aggregate population in the middle of 1905 is estimated at more than fifteen and a half millions, the death rate was 15.2 per 1,000 living, or 1.2 in excess of the death rate in the whole country. The rates in the several towns ranged from 6.4 in Hornsey, 8.3 in Handsworth (Staffs), 7.4 in Kings Norton, 10.0 in Walthamstow, 9.0 in Burton on Trent, and 9.2 in Bournemouth to 19.4 in Manchester, 19 in Liverpool and in Wigan, 19.8 in Merthyr Tydfil, 20.1 in Booth, and 22.5 in Rhondda.

In 141 smaller towns, with populations ranging between 20,000 and 50,000 at the census of 1901, and with an aggregate population estimated at about four and three quarter millions in the middle of 1905, the death rate was 13.3 per 1,000 living, or 1.9 per 1,000 below the rate in the great towns.

In the remainder of England and Wales, with an aggregate population estimated at more than thirteen and three-quarter millions in the middle of 1905, of whom nearly six and a quarter millions live in small towns and more than seven and a half millions in rural districts, the death rate was 13.0.

*Mortality from certain epidemic diseases.*—The 120,792 deaths from all causes include 1,655 that were attributed to measles, 15,733 to diarrhea, 1,087 to diphtheria, 1,639 to whooping cough, 786 to scarlet fever, 773 to "fever," 4 to smallpox.

Thus, to the above-mentioned epidemic diseases in the aggregate, 21,677 deaths were referred last quarter, being in the proportion of 2.52 annually in each 1,000 of the estimated population, or 0.80 per 1,000 less than the average proportion in the third quarters of the previous ten years.

**GIBRALTAR.**—Seven days ended November 13, 1905. Estimated population, 27,460. Total number of deaths, 10. No deaths from contagious diseases.

**ITALY—Milan.**—Month of September, 1905. Estimated population, 536,209. Total number of deaths 722, including diphtheria 7, enteric fever 24, measles 3, and 71 from tuberculosis.

**SPAIN—Barcelona.**—Ten days ended November 10, 1905. Estimated population, 600,000. Total number of deaths 410, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 14, measles 3, smallpox 6, and 34 from tuberculosis.

**WEST INDIES—St. Thomas.**—For the thirteen weeks in the third

quarter of 1905. Estimated population, 11,012. Total number of deaths, 82, including enteric fever 2, and 12 from tuberculosis.

Three weeks ended November 10, 1905. Estimated population, 11,012. Total number of deaths, 16, including 2 from tuberculosis.

*Cholera, yellow fever, and smallpox, June 30, to December 8, 1905.*

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from American consuls through the Department of State, and from other sources.]

[For reports received from December 30, 1904, to June 30, 1905, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for June 30, 1905.

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
<b>Austria:</b>				
Galicia .....				3 deaths.
Grodzisko .....	Sept. 5 .....	6		
Padew .....	Sept. 5 .....	1		
<b>China:</b>				Prevalent.
Hankow .....	Aug. 5 .....			
Hongkong .....	July 15-Aug. 12..	3	3	
Shanghai .....	June 1-Sept. 9...	3	600	
<b>Egypt:</b>				
Suez .....	Oct. 1-3 .....	1	1	On ss. City of Manchester from Calcutta for London.
<b>Germany</b> .....				Eighteen of 20 suspected cases occurred in the Vistula district; one each in the Warthe River district and the network of canals. There were reported 280 cases with 90 deaths from outbreak to October 21, 1905.
<b>Prussia:</b>				
General .....	To Sept. 7 .....	21	3	
Berlin .....	Sept. 22 .....	1	1	
Alsace Lorraine .....	Oct. 15 .....	1		
Breslau government district.	Sept. 14-19 .....	3	1	
Bromberg government district.	Aug. 26-Sept. 19.	37	7	
Dantzig government district.	Aug. 27-Sept. 18.	17	4	
Frankfort government district.	Aug. 31-Sept. 18.	3	1	
Hamburg government district.	Aug. 28 .....	4	2	
Königsberg government district.	Aug. 31-Sept. 5 ..	3	1	
Marienwerder government district.	Aug. 16-Sept. 23.	29	6	
Mecklenburg-Schwerin government district.	Sept. 9 .....	1	1	
Posen government district.	Sept. 6-16 .....	5		
Potsdam government district.	Sept. 26-Oct. 5 ...	5	1	
Stettin government district.	Sept. 16-21 .....	2	1	
<b>India:</b>				
Bombay .....	June 13-Oct. 24 ..		28	
Calcutta .....	May 27-Oct. 21 ..		464	
Madras .....	July 15-Oct. 27 ..	1,500	2,668	
Singapore .....	Oct. 1-7 .....	3	3	
<b>Japan:</b>				
Kobe .....	July 30-Aug. 12..	2		
Yokohama .....	Aug. 14-20 .....	1	1	
<b>Philippine Islands:</b>				Diagnosis proved case to have been cholera.
Manila .....	Aug. 23-Oct. 21...	219	194	
Provinces .....	To Oct. 7 .....	437	326	
<b>Russia:</b>				
Lomja Province .....	Sept. 14-Oct. 25...	69	40	
Mozoweick district .....	Oct. 12-18 .....	6	3	
Novoradomek .....	Oct. 5-11 .....		1	
Ostrolenka district .....	Oct. 12-18 .....	1	1	
Petrokov Province (Lodz included).	Sept. 14-Oct. 25...	19	7	
Sterdyn .....	Oct. 12-18 .....	1		
Vistula Territory .....	Oct. 22-25 .....	6		
Warsaw Province (Wlotalawsk included).	Sept. 14-Oct. 24...	13	9	
<b>Straits Settlements:</b>				
Singapore .....	May 6-Oct. 31....	1	3	
Wellesley .....	May 5 .....	1		